東京医科歯科大学 グローバルCOE

歯と骨の分子疾患科学の国際研究拠点 ーデント・メドミクスのインテリジェンスハブー

第2回 以下以一下



【日程】 2010年

2月22日(月)9時~23日(火)5時頃 【場所】

ホテルグランド東雲 〒305-0034

茨城県つくば市小野崎涌井488-1

(TEL: 029-856-2212)

Tokyo Medical &Dental University Global Center of Excellence Program

International Research Center for Molecular Science in Tooth and Bone Diseases

Second Retreat Camp

Feb.22-23,2010 At Hotel Grand Sinonome 488-1 Onozaki Tsukuba Ibaraki Tel: 029-856-2212



日 程

13	<u>-</u>	30110	4010	
1日目		1st day		
時刻	プログラム	time	programme	
9.00-	東京医科歯科大から出発 バス	9.00-	departure from TMDU by bus activities on bus	
11.00-	到着予定 荷物を預ける	11.00-	approximate arrival arrange baggage (luggage reception?)	
11.30-	自己紹介 (学生とGCOE スタッフ)	11.30-	self introduction (all students and COE staffs)	
	予定より遅れた場合は省略		if schedule becomes late, skip this part briefly	
12.00-	昼食 (ポスターセットアップ)	12.00-	lunch (poster setup)	
13.00-	開会の挨拶 野田教授	13.00-	opening speech by Prof. Noda	
13.10-14.10	Prof. Jane Aubin (トロント大) 50分 10分ディスカッション	13.10-14.10	Prof. Jane Aubin (University of Toronto) 50 min presentation 10min discussion	
14.10-15.00	辻 孝 先生(東京理科大) 40分	14.10-15.00	Prof. Takashi Tsuji	
	10 分ディスカッション		(Tokyo University of Science)	
			40 min presentation 10min discussion	
15.00-15.30	Louisa Ho (トロント大院生) 講演	15.00-15.30	Louisa Ho	
201010 201010			(graduate student, University of Toronto)	
15.30-15.40	休憩	15.30-15.40	break	
15.40-16.00	前田由紀子先生(ハーバード大)	15.40-16.00	Dr. Yukiko Maeda (Harvard Univ.)	
16.00-17.30	学生によるポスター	16.00-17.30	student poster presentation	
10.00 11.00	投票による優秀賞の選抜		Selection of Excellent posters	
17.30-17.45	Prof. Jane Aubin (Career Pathに関する講演)	17.30-17.45	Prof. Jane Aubin (University of Toronto)	
11100 11110			Career Path	
17.45-18.35	シャペロンの研究キーワードについての談話	17.45-18.35	chaperone key word discussion	
18.35-	夕食	18.35-	dinner	
19.30-20.45	シャペロンと学生の研究進路などについての	19.30-20.45	chaperone/prof. activity/ discuss in general	
	討論会		topics	
2日目		2nd day	,	
7.00-8.50	朝食	7.00-8.50	breakfast	
9.00-10.00	シャペロンによる口演発表	9.00-10.00	chaperone oral presentation	
	発表 10 分、ディスカッション 2 分		10 min. present/ 2 min discussion	
10.00-12.00	学生による口演発表	10.00-12.00	student oral presentation	
	発表7分、ディスカッション3分		7 min. present/ 3 min discussion	
12.00-12.40	チェックアウト・昼食	12.00-12.40	check out /lunch	
IAYA	宇宙航空研究開発機構訪問	13.00-15.30	visiting lab JAXA	
7	(大森 克徳先生、嶋津 徹先生、大島 博先生による講演)		(Tsukuba, Lectures by Drs. Oshima, Oomori,	
13:30	集合・守衛室前		and Shimazu)	
13:30-13:45	(バッチ配布) 伏島、斉藤			
13:45-14:45	各自展示室、お土産 (60分) 個人行動			
14:45	ロケット前に再集合 伏島、斉藤			
14:45-15:00	(移動・実験棟)			
15:00-15:20	嶋津さん講演 (20分)			
15:20-15:40	大森さん講演 (20分)			
15:40-16:00	大島さん講演 (20分)			
16:00-16:15	(移動・守衛室)			
16:15	バッチ回収・解散			

Schedule

事業推進担当者



Masaki Noda, M.D., Ph.D. (野田政樹) GCOE Program Leader, Professor Department of Molecular Pharmacology http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/mph/index.html



(田上順次) Professor Department of Cariology and Operative Dentistry http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/ope/ope-J.htm

Junji Tagami D.D.S., Ph.D.



Hiroshi Takayanagi, M.D., Ph.D. (高柳広)

Department of Cell Signaling http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/csi/csi-J.htm



Ikuo Morita, Ph.D. (森田育男) Professor Department of Cellular Physiological Chemistry http://www.tmd.ac.jp/dent/cell/cell-J.htm



Ken Omura, D.D.S., Ph.D. (小村健) Professor Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery http://www.tmd.ac.jp/dent/os2/os2-J.htm



Shohei Kasugai, D.D.S., Ph.D. (春日井昇平) Professor Department of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental Medicine http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/mfc/mfc-J.htm



Hideaki Suda, D.D.S., Ph.D. (須田英明) Professor Department of Pulp Biology and Endodontics http://www.tmd.ac.jp/dent/endo/endo-J.htm



Yuichi Izumi, D.D.S., Ph.D. (和泉雄一) Professor Department of Periodontology http://www.tmd.ac.jp/dent/peri/peri-J.htm



Masaki Yanagishita, M.D. (柳下正樹) Professor Department of Hard Tissue Engineering Biochemistry http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/bch/bch-J.htm



Akira Yamaguchi, D.D.S., Ph.D. (山口朗) Professor Department of Oral Pathology http://www.tmd.ac.jp/dent/opat/opat-J.htm



Keiji Moriyama, D.D.S., Ph.D. (森山啓司) Professor Department of Maxillofacial Orthognathics http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/mort/mort-J.htm



Kenichi Shinomiya, M.D., Ph.D. (四宮謙一) Professor Department of Orthopaedic and Spinal Surgery http://www.tmd.ac.jp/med/orth/orth-J.html



Nobuyuki Miyasaka, M.D., Ph.D. (宮坂信之) Professor Department of Medicine & Rheumatology http://www.tmd.ac.jp/grad/rheu/rheu-J.htm



Takeshi Muneta, M.D., Ph.D. Professor Department of Orthopedic Surgery http://www.tmd.ac.jp/med/orth/orth-J.html



Kazunari Akiyoshi, Ph.D. (秋吉一成) Professor Department of Organic Materials





Johji Inazawa, M.D., Ph.D. (稲澤譲治) Professor Department of Moleclurar Cytogenetics http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/cgen/framepage.htm



Yoshio Miki, M.D., Ph.D. (三木義男) Professor Department of Molecular Genetics http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/mgen/index_j.html



Fumitoshi Ishino, Ph.D. (石野史敏) Professor Department of Epigenetics http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/epgn/index.html



Hiroshi Shibuya, Ph.D.

(澁谷浩司) Professor

Department of Molecular Cell Biology $http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/mri-mcb/index_j.html$



Yoshihiro Ogawa, M.D., Ph.D.

(小川佳宏) Professor

Department of Molecular Medicine and Metabolism http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/prm/index.html



Masatoshi Hagiwara, M.D., Ph.D.

(萩原正敏)

Professor

Department of Molecular Medicine and Metabolism http://www.tmd.ac.jp/mri/mri-end/index.html



Takuya Notomi, Ph.D.

Research Assistant Professor Department of Molecular Pharmacology



Alireza Sadr, D.D.S., Ph.D.



Naoki Sawada, M.D., Ph.D.

(澤田直樹)

(李知英)

Research Assistant Professor

Research Assistant Professor

Department of Epigenetics

Lee Jiyoung, Ph.D.

Department of Molecular Medicine and Metabolism



Paksinee Kamolratanakul

Dept. of Molecular Pharmacology 「ナノゲル scaffold を用いた EP4アゴニストと BMP の



中川 朋美

Tomomi Nakagawa

骨再生能に関する研究」

Dept. of Molecular Pharmacology 「悪性黒色腫の骨の転移における転写因子 Cizの 役割の解明」



Patricia Makishi

Dept. of Cariology and Operative Dentistry 「レジンセメントと象牙質界面における



ナノリーケージについて」 林幹人



Mikihito Hayashi Dept. of Cell Signaling

「破骨細胞の分化ステージ特異的な NFATc1標的遺伝子の同定」



青井 陽子

Yoko Aoi

Dept. of Cellular Physiological Chemistry 「低酸素下におけるサイトカイン産生変動機序~ メチル化の関与」



Chalida Nakalekha

Dept. of Cellular Physiological Chemistry 「骨代謝におけるプロスタサイクリンの役割」









国際PIシャペロン、AISS・QAISS

(納富拓也)



Research Assistant Professor

Department of Cariology and Operative Dentistry



Masatsugu Oh-hora, M.D., Ph.D. (大洞将嗣)

Research Associate Professor

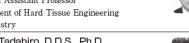
Department of Cell Signaling



Hiroyuki Nakamura, D.D.S., Ph.D.

Research Assistant Professor

Department of Hard Tissue Engineering Biochemistry



limura Tadahiro, D.D.S., Ph.D. (飯村忠浩)

Research Associate Professor Department of Oral Pathology



Naoto Haruyama, D.D.S., Ph.D. (春山 直人)

Research Associate Professor Department of Maxillofacial Orthognathics



Hideyuki Iwai, M.D., Ph.D. (岩井秀之)

Research Assistant Professor Department of Medicine & Rheumatology



Kunikazu Tsuji, M.D., Ph.D. (辻邦和)

Research Assistant Professor Department of Orthopedic Surgery



Rajib Bhattacharjee

Dept. of Cellular Physiological Chemistry coment

「骨芽細胞におけるコネキシン43発現の調節機構の解明」

津川 順一

Junichi Tsugawa Dept. of Cellular Physiological Chemistry 「印刷技術を用いて羊膜に転写した細胞による



長岡 亮介

骨再生療法の確立」

Rvosuke Nagaoka Dept. of Cellular Physiological Chemistry 「顔面形態形成に対する低酸素の影響」



Hudieb Malik Ismail

Dept. of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental Medicine

「インプラントと骨再生との生物物理学的関係」



MYAT NYAN

Dept. of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental Medicine

「Simvastatin 含有 a - TCP を用いた骨再生に関する研究」



Reena Rodriguez

Dept. of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental

「Epigallocatechin-3-gallate 含有 Gelatin Hydrogelを 用いた骨再生に関する研究」



伊達 佑生

Yuki Date

Dept. of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental Medicine

「歯根発生に関する因子の同定」



則武 加奈子

Kanako Noritake

Dept. of Oral Impltantology & Regenerative Dental Medicine





Gombo Balortuya

Dept. of Pulp Biology and Endodontics 「インテグリン発現を評価することによる象牙芽細胞の 成熟とシグナル伝達に対する低出力レーザー療法の効果」



Aleksic Verica

Dept. of Periodontology

「歯周疾患は動脈疾患の進行に重要な

リスクファクターとなる」



Aslam Al Mehdi

Dept. of Periodontology

「歯周疾患は動脈疾患の進行に重要な

リスクファクターとなる」



Gamaralalage Amodini Rajakaruna

Dept. of Periodontology

「歯周病とバージャー病の関連の解明」



新垣 理宣

Tadanobu Aragaki

口腔病理学分野

角化嚢胞性歯原性腫瘍の生物学的特徴

Biological characteristics of Keratocystic odontogeneic tumors



Ganburged Ganjargal

Dept. of Maxillofacial Orthognathics 「マルファン症候群における重篤な歯周炎の 分子機構について」



鈴木 尋之

Hiroyuki suzuki

Dept. of Maxillofacial Orthognathics 「可溶型 fibroblast growth factor receptor2 (FGFR2) の 頭蓋冠縫合部早期癒合症に対する治療効果」



木村 文子

Ayako Kimura

Dept. of Orthopaedic and Spinal Surgery 「軟骨細胞の分化調節機構の解明

- 軟骨組織特異的Runx1マウスを用いた検討-」



菅田 祐美

Yumi Sugata

Dept. of Orthopaedic and Spinal Surgery 「HApColとピスフォスフォネート局所徐放による 骨悪性腫瘍の治療法の開発」



白 樺

Bai Hua

Dept. of Moleclurar Cytogenetics 「ヒト瘤におけるオートファジー関連遺伝子 LC3Av1遺伝子の機能解析」



呂 正光

Lu ZhengGang

Dept. of Molecular Genetics

「転移性骨腫瘍をターゲットとしたNF-kappa B活性 制御機構解明



岩舩 浩孝

Hirotaka Iwafune

Epigenetics

ゲノムインプリンティング リプログラミング変異体の単 離とその解析



Analysis of reprogramming mechanism of genomic imprinting in mice

Samir Kumar Pal

口腔病理学 (Oral Pathology)

口腔扁平上皮癌による骨破壊における

Thrombospondin-1の役割

The Role of Thrombospondin-1 (TSP-1) in Bone Destruction by Oral Squamous Cell Carcinoma



下田 麻子

Asako Shimoda

有機材料 (Organic materials)

ナノゲル架橋ハイドロゲルによるタンパク質デリバリー

Design of Nanogel-assembled hydrogel for protein delivery



高橋 治子

Haruko Takahashi

有機材料 (Organic materials)

Polysaccharide nano-ball を用いた新規ナノキャリアの開発 Design of Funtional Polysaccharide nano-ball as new nanocarrier



木原 翼

Tasuku Kihara Oral pathology

骨芽細胞分化と骨再生におけるCCN3の役割

The role of CCN3 in osteoblast differentiation and bone regeneration



古田 繭子

Mayuko Furuta

分子細胞遺伝学 (Molecular Cytogenetics) 新たなRNA創薬に寄与する癌制御性microRNAの機 能的スクリーニング

Exploration of novel tumor-suppresive microRNAs using functional genomics-assisted approach



姫野 彰子

Akiko Himeno

バイオイメージングを用いた歯周組織幹細胞の同定 Identification of periodontal stem cells by bioimaging approaches



辻 香織

Kaori Tsuji

顎顔面矯正学

Zinc finger 型転写因子POKEMONの破骨細胞におけ る役割の解明

Investigation of the role of zinc finger transcription factor, POKEMON in osteoclasts



Amir Nazari

う触制御学

う蝕脱灰象牙質を高度石灰化組織へと変化させるため の再石灰化技術の創造

Developing a Dentin Remineralising Method (DRM) to Transform Carious Demineralised Dentin into Hypermineralised Substrate



許 レン

XU Ren

整形外科 (Orthopaedic and Spinal Surgery) 視床下部性神経ペプチドによる中枢性骨代謝制御機構の解明 Uncovering the molecular mechanism of central control of bone remodeling by hypothalamic neuropeptides



周 夢宇

Zhou Mengyu

歯髄生物学 (Pulp Biology and Endodontics) 歯根形成のメカニズム -SCAP (根尖部幹細胞) からの象牙芽 細胞およびセメント芽細胞分化に関与する因子の解明

The mechanisms of root formation- Elucidation of the signaling molecules on odontoblast and cementoblast differentiation from SCAP



Smriti Aryal

分子薬理学 (Molecular Pharmacology) 細胞骨格による骨代謝制御の分子機構 -Nck の骨の細

胞機能調節に於ける役割の解明 -

Molecular Mechanisms Underlying Cytoskeletal Regulation of Bone Metabolim-Role of Nck Proteins in Bone Cell Function-



松本 力

Tsutomu Matsumoto

口腔病理学

矯正的歯の移動における骨細胞の役割

The role of osteocyte in orthodontic tooth movement



Chokechanachaisakul

Uraiwan

歯髄生物学 (Pulp Biology and Endodontics)

ラットを用いた歯髄生物学

Rat's pulp biology

Kunawarote Sitthikorn

う蝕制御学

う触象牙質に対する接着性能の改良

Improve Bond strength to Caries-affected dentin



Ilnaz Hariri

う蝕制御学

高度に石灰化した接着界面構造の作成と機械的性質の評価 Generation of hyper mineralized adhesive Interface

and study on its mechanical properties

AL-Bari MD. ABDUL

regulate osteoclast differentiation

分子情報伝達学 (Cell Signaling) 破骨細胞分化を制御するphosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-

trisphosphate結合タンパク質の同定と機能解析 Identification and analysis of phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphatebinding proteins (PIP3BPs) that



古市 祥子

Akiko Furuichi

インプラント・口腔再生医学

酸素ナノバブル水の骨組織における生体活性評価

Evaluation for the biologically activity of oxygen nano bubbles solution (OXNB)



Hamid Nurrohman

う蝕制御学 (Cariology and Operative Dentistry) 人口口腔装置を用いたバイオフィルムによるう蝕形成後の

Super Dentin"のナノ構造解析

The effect of collagenolytic inhibitors on the quality of acid-base resistant zone in dentin



Chui Chanthoeun

歯周病学 (Periodontology)

歯周組織の除菌のための新しい治療様式の開発:LEDと 光感受性色素を用いた抗菌的光線力学療法の効果に関 する基礎的研究



Development of a New Treatment Modality for Periodontal Disinfection: Basic Study on the Effect of Antimicrobial Photodynamic Therapy using the Combination of an LED light Source and a Photosensitizing Dye

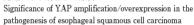
Wayakanon Praween

分子細胞機能学 (Cellular Physiological Chemistry) アニュラーギャップジャンクションの形成機構 The Mechanisms of Annular Gap Junction Formation



村松 智輝

Tomoki Muramatsu 分子細胞遺伝学 (Molecular Cytogenetics) 食道扁平上皮癌の発生・進展におけるYAP増幅・発現 亢進の分子病理学的意義





Suzuki Takafumi 歯周病学

骨吸収を引き起こす咬合性外傷の分子機構について解 析する-TRPV4の役割-

Molecular mechanism underlying occlusal trauma, induced-bone loss Role of TRPV4



インプラント・口腔再生医学

表面改良型 Y-TZP ジルコニア:骨再生に関する生体外及 び生体内の研究

Surface modified Y-TZP Zirconia: an in vitro and in vino study of bone formation

Atukorallaya Devi Sewvandini

硬組織構造生物学 (インプラント・口腔再生医学) 小型硬骨魚メダカの顎歯と咽頭歯の発生誘導に及ぼすエクトテ ィスプラシン情報伝達経路の役割の解析と歯の進化の検討 Evolutionarily conserved role of ectodysplasin signaling in odontogenesis of ectodermally and endodermally induced teeth in small-sized teleost fish medaka



宮嶋 大輔

Daisuke Miyajima

顎顔面外科 (分子薬理)

骨代謝における負のMCSFシグナルによる新制御機構の解析 -Dok アダプター分子による破骨細胞制御と骨粗鬆症-Novel Insights into Negative Molecular Regulation of MCSF Signaling in Bone Metabolism -Function of Dok Adaptor Molecules in Osteoclasts and Osteoporois -



Rojbani Hisham Khalifa

implantology

Simvastatin

異なる骨補填剤 (アルファ TCP,ベータTCP, HA) とシンバス タチン投与の有無におけるラットでの骨形成に関する比較研究 A comparative study of the effect of three different Bone substitute materials (a-TCP,B-TCP,and HA) on the formation of new bone with and without the use of



チェン 康

インプラント・口腔再生医学 (Dental Implantology & Oral Regenerative Medicine)

歯科用インプラント周囲骨における直流電流装置を用い た骨形成促進作用に関する研究

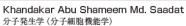
A direct current device for accelerating bone formation in tissues surrounding a dental implant

Osama Zakaria

インプラント・口腔再生医学

GBRと骨膜ディストラクション法による軟組織の同時骨 再生のための新規開発装置の評価

Evaluation of a new device for bone regeneration by GBR and periosteal distraction simultaneously with soft tissue distruction



RB/E2F 経路の制御と骨肉腫形成過程における DRIL1の役割

The Role of DRIL1 in the Regulation of RB/E2F Pathway and Tumorigenesis of Osteosarcoma

Dept. of Cell Signaling 「RANKL刺激によるNFATc1 制御遺伝子と microRNAの同定」

藤田 浩二

Koji Fujita

Dept. of Orthopaedic and Spinal Surgery 「Vitamin Eの骨代謝に対する影響について」

王 慧峰

Wang HuiFeng

Dept. of Molecular Genetics 「新規 BRCA2 関連遺伝子 Nucleophosmin (NPM) の















Gja^{Jrt/+} mice are protected from agerelated bone loss

Jane E. Aubin

Department of Molecular Genetics, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON

Oculodentodigital dysplasia (ODDD) is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by pleiotropic developmental anomalies of the limbs, teeth, face and eyes that was shown recently to be caused by mutations in the gap junction protein alpha 1 gene (GJA1), encoding connexin 43 (Cx43). In the course of performing an Nethyl-N-nitrosourea mutagenesis screen, we identified a dominant mouse mutation that exhibits many classic symptoms of ODDD, including syndactyly, enamel hypoplasia, craniofacial anomalies and cardiac dysfunction. Positional cloning revealed that these mice carry a point mutation in Gial leading to the substitution of a highly conserved amino acid (G60S) in Cx43. In vivo and in vitro studies revealed that the mutant Cx43 protein acts in a dominant-negative fashion to disrupt gap junction assembly and function. Notably, in addition to the classic features of ODDD, Gja^{Irt/+} mice exhibit osteopenia throughout life, with delayed ossification of all bones, but the difference in bone mineral density (BMD) compared to wild type littermates becomes less pronounced with age, i.e., Gjalrt/+ mice are protected form the agerelated bone loss seen in wild type mice. Cellular assays showed that osteoclast number is normal or even slightly reduced but activity is higher in younger but not older Gja^{Jrt/+} versus wild type mice. On the other hand, osteoblast number in vivo and osteoprogenitor number in stromal cell cultures in vitro display a trend towards being increased in older animals, i.e., in mice at 8 and 12 months of age. In addition, while no differences were seen in osteoblast-associated marker expression at early differentiation times, expression of several mature osteoblast and osteocyte markers was significantly higher at late differentiation time points in bones and stromal cultures of Gial Irt/+ versus wild type mice. Our results indicate that while complete ablation of Cx43 and the presence of a dominantnegative allele of Cx43 both lead to low bone mass phenotypes, the underlying cellular mechanisms are notably different. In particular, our data show that diminution of Cx43 expression and function via the G60S mutation affects bone modeling and remodeling by dysregulation of both osteoclast and osteoblast lineage cells, that the osteopenia seen may reflect primarily increased osteoclast activity in younger mice, but that this is balanced by an increased osteoblast activity, the latter protecting GjaJrt/+ mice from the age-related bone loss seen in wild type mice.

Academic Background		Distinctions		
09/1968-06/1972	Bachelor of Science (Honours),	06/1970	Canadian Rosebourgh Award - Book	
	Chemistry/Mathematics, Queen's		Prize, Canadian Chemical Society,	
	University at Kingston, CANADA		CANADA	
07/1972-02/1977	Doctorate (PhD),, Medical Biophysics,	06/1971	Analytical Chemistry Award, Queen's	
	University of Toronto, CANADA (Dr.		University, CANADA	
	Victor Ling)	06/1972	Gold Medal Graduation Award, Queen's	
07/1977-06/1978	Postdoctorate, Max Planck Institute for		University, CANADA	
	Biophysical Chemistry, GERMANY (Dr.	03/1985	Oral Biology Research Award,	
05 4050 00 4050	Tom Jovin)		International Association for Dental	
07/1978-06/1979	Postdoctorate, Max Planck Institute for	10 (2004	Research	
	Biophysical Chemistry, GERMANY (Dr.	10/2004	The William F. Neuman Awar	
	Klaus Weber)		American Society for Bone and Mineral	
		00.40005	Research, UNITED STATES	
Work Experie		09/2005	Louis V. Avioli Memorial Lecture,	
07/1979-06/1983	Assistant Professor, Dentistry-Oral		American Society for Bone and Mineral	
	Biology / MRC Group in Periodontal		Research, UNITED STATES	
	Physiology, University of Toronto, CANADA	G	d Landauskin Balas (aslastad).	
07/1002 06/1000	Associate Professor, Dentistry-Oral	1997-2000	d Leadership Roles (selected): Board of Directors, Advances in Minera	
07/1905-00/1900	Biology / MRC Group in Periodontal	1997-2000	Metabolism	
	Physiology, Faculty of Dentistry,	1998-1999	President, American Society for Bone	
	University of Toronto, CANADA	1990-1999	and Mineral Research (ASBMR)	
07/1088_06/1004	Full Professor, Dentistry-Oral Biology /	2000-2002	Chair, Science Policy Committee, ASBM	
07/1900-00/1994	MRC Group in Periodontal Physiology	1998-2001	Member of Executive, AACBNB	
	Faculty of Dentistry, University of	1990-2001	Chairpersons (US)	
	Toronto, CANADA	2001-2006	Advisory Board. Institute of	
07/1988-06/1994	Director and Chair, Graduate Department	2001 2000	Musculoskeletal Health and Arthritis.	
077 1000 007 1001	of Dentistry / Director Postgraduate		CIHR; Vice-Chair, 2005-2006	
	Dental Education, Faculty of Dentistry,	2001-present	Member, Board of Directors, Canadian	
	University of Toronto, CANADA	•	Arthritis Network NCE	
07/1994-06/2002	Professor and Chair, Anatomy and Cell	2002-2006	Member, Board of Directors, and Public	
	Biology, Faculty of Medicine, University		Affairs Executive Committee, FASEB	
	of Toronto, CANADA	2003-2007	Member of the Board, International Bor	
02/2003-12/2005	Scientific Co-Director and CEO, NCE,		and Mineral Society	
	Networks of Centres of Excellence,	2004-present	Member, Finance Committee, American	
	Canadian Arthritis Network, CANADA		Society for Cell Biology	
01/2006-12/2006	Scientific Director and CEO, NCE	2004	Co-Chair, Long range planning advisory	
	Network of Centres of Excellence,		committee in research in Bone Biology	
	Canadian Arthritis Network, CANADA		and Bone Diseases, NIAMS/NIH	
07/1999-	Full Professor, Medical Biophysics,	2005-2007	President-Elect, International Bone and	
	Faculty of Medicine, University of		Mineral Society	
	Toronto, CANADA			
07/2002-	Full Professor Medical Genetics and	Publications (selected)		
	Microbiology, Faculty of Medicine,	1. Bonnelye E, Laurin N, Jurdic P, Hart DA, Aubin JE.		
	University of Toronto, CANADA	Estrogen receptor-related receptor-(alpha) (ERR-(alpha))		
01/2007-	Scientific Director, Institute of	is dysregu	lated in inflammatory arthritis. Rheumatolog	
	Musculoskeletal Health and Arthritis,	2008 2. Hasegawa T, Oizumi K, Yoshiko Y, Tanne K, Maeda N,		
	Canadian Institutes of Health Research,			
	CANADA	Aubin JE.	The PPARgamma-selective ligand BRL-496	
			ly regulates the fate choices of rat calvaria	
			bone marrow stromal cell populations. BMC	
		Dev Biol. 2	008 -8-71	

- 3. Malaval L, Wade-Guéye NM, Boudiffa M, Fei J, Zirngibl R, Chen F, Laroche N, Roux JP, Burt-Pichat B, Duboeuf F, Boivin G, Jurdic P, Lafage-Proust MH, Amédée J, Vico L, Rossant J, Aubin JE. Bone sialoprotein plays a functional role in bone formation and osteoclastogenesis. J Exp Med. 2008; 205(5):1145-53.
- 4. Zirngibl RA, Chan JS, Aubin JE. Estrogen receptorrelated receptor alpha (ERRalpha) regulates osteopontin expression through a non-canonical ERRalpha response element in a cell context-dependent manner. J Mol Endocrinol. 2008; 40(2):61-73.
- 5. Falconi D, Aubin JE. LIF inhibits osteoblast differentiation at least in part by regulation of HAS2 and its product hyaluronan. J Bone Miner Res. 2007; 22(8):1289-300.
- 6. Yoshiko Y, Candeliere GA, Maeda N, Aubin JE. Osteoblast autonomous Pi regulation via Pit1 plays a role in bone mineralization. Mol Cell Biol. 2007; 27(12):4465-74.
- 7. Bonnelye E, Zirngibl RA, Jurdic P, Aubin JE. The orphan nuclear estrogen receptor-related receptoralpha regulates cartilage formation in vitro: implication of Sox9. Endocrinology. 2007; 148(3):1195-205.
- 8. Zhang S, Chan M, Aubin JE. Pleiotropic effects of the steroid hormone 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3 on the recruitment of mesenchymal lineage progenitors in fetal rat calvaria cell populations. J Mol Endocrinol. 2006; 36(3):425-33.
- 9. Liu F, Malaval L, Aubin JE. Global amplification polymerase chain reaction reveals novel transitional stages during osteoprogenitor differentiation. J Cell Sci. 2003; 116 (Pt 9):1787-96.

Tooth Regenerative Therapy as a Future Organ Replacement Regenerative Therapy

Takashi Tsuji, PhD

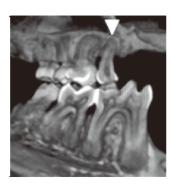
Research Institute for Science and Technology, Tokyo University of Science Organ Technologies Inc.

To restore the partial loss of organ function, stem cell transplantation therapy has been developed as a cure for various diseases conditions, such as Parkinson's disease, leukemia, spinal injury, cardiac infarction, diabetes and liver diseases. The ultimate goal of regenerative therapy is to develop fully functioning bioengineered organs that can replace lost or damaged organs after disease, injury or aging. The development of three-dimensionally reconstructed bioengineered organs from dissociated single cells in vitro is a goal of this technology. However, no technology yet exists that enables us to create and grow organs through the single cell manipulation.

Almost all organs including tooth arise from the organ germs, which are induced by the reciprocal epithelial-mesenchymal interactions in the developing embryo. It has been proposed a novel concept for a bioengineered organ development that to properly reproduce the developmental process of organogenesis. To demonstrate the possibility of this concept, we attempted to develop a tooth regenerative therapy for lost tooth, which were challenged from the transplantation of a bioengineered tooth germ in adult oral environment as a model of a future organ replacement therapy. In the dental field, the therapy, such as "bridge" and "implant", had been established to prevent the movement of the neighboring teeth and supplement of their functions for the loss of the tooth by injury, caries or diseases. Therefore, "tooth" provides a good feasibility study model for the development of the technologies for a future organ replacement regenerative therapy.

In current research on whole-tooth regenerative therapy, a basic strategy is being pursued in which a bioengineered tooth germ is induced to develop into a fully functional tooth. Previously, we developed a three-dimensional organ-germ culture method for the reconstitution a bioengineered organ germ in the early developmental stages (Nature Methods 2007). The regeneration of tooth and periodontal tissues into a functional tooth unit is a critical issue for achieving proper oral function, including mastication. Recently, we successfully demonstrated that our bioengineered tooth germ could develop a fully functioning tooth, which has hardness for masticatory potential, the functional responsibility against a mechanical stress in maxillofacial region, and perceptive potentials of neural fibers innerved into the periodontal ligament and pulp of the bioengineered tooth to noxious stimulations such as orthodontic treatment and a pulp stimulation (PNAS 2009). These results showed that the bioengineered tooth germ could develop a fully functioning regenerated tooth in vivo after engraftment and an organ replacement regenerative therapy using a bioengineered organ germ might be feasible.

In this presentation, I will talk and discuss about the strategies and recent progress of the research for the establishment of tooth regenerative therapy.



Micro-CT analysis of a bioengineered tooth erupted in adult oral environment at 50days after transplantation. Arrow-head indicates the bioengineered tooth

References:

- 1. Ikeda, E. et al., Fully functional bioengineered tooth replacement as an organ replacement therapy, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 106 (32), 13475-13480, 2009.
- 2. Ikeda, E. & Tsuji, T., Growing bioengineered teeth from single cells: potential for dental regenerative medicine., Expert Opinion on Biological Therapy 8, 1-10, 2008.
- 3. Nakao, K., Morita, R., Saji, Y., Ishida, K., Tomita, Y., Ogawa, M., Saitoh, M., Tomooka, Y. & Tsuji, T.:: The development of a bioengineered organ germ method, Nature Methods 4, 227-230, 2007.

Education

PhD 1993

Graduate School of Science and Technology.

Niigata University, Japan

1989-1992 Graduate School of Science, Kyushu

University, Japan

1986 MSc.

Graduate School of Science, Niigata

University, Japan

1984 BSc

2007-2009

2000-2007

Faculty of Science, Niigata University, Japan

Professional Career

2009-Present Professor, Research Institute for Science and

Technology, Tokyo University of Science Professor, Faculty of Industrial Science and

Technology, Tokyo University of Science Associate Professor, Faculty of Industrial

Science and Technology, Tokyo University

of Science

1993-2000 Senior Researcher, Pharmaceutical Frontier

Research Laboratory, Japan Tobacco Inc.

1986-1989 Researchers, Central Research Laboratories,

Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co Ltd.

Other Career

2008-Present Director, Organ Technologies Inc.

2008 Visiting Professor, Louis Pasteur University

2004-Present Advisor, Otsuka Chemical Co., Ltd.

Academic Activities

2007-Present Director, the Japanese Association for

Regenerative Dentistry

2006-Present Councilor, the Japan Society for Organ

Preservation and Medical Biology

2002-Present Councilor, the Japanese Society for Regenerative Medicine

Etsuko Ikeda, Ritsuko Morita, Kazuhisa Nakao, Kentaro Ishida, Takashi Nakamura, Teruko Takano-Yamamoto, Miho Ogawa, Mitsumasa Mizuno, Shohei Kasugai, and Takashi Tsuji. Fully functional bioengineered tooth replacement as an organ replacement therapy. PNAS 106, 13475-13480,

Ryu-ich Fukuda, Kiyohito Tsuchiya, Koji Suzuki, Katsuhiko Itoh, Jun Fujita, Atae Utsunomiya,and Takashi Tsuji, HTLV-I Tax downregulates the expression of PIP3 inositol phosphatases via the NF-kB pathway. J. Biol. Chem. 284, 2680-2689, 2009.

Takashi Tsuji. Pluripotent stem cells developed into regenerated tooth by organ germ method in combination with tooth germ-derived epithelium. Proceeding of International Symposium on Micro-Nanomechatronics and Human Science 2007, 342-346, 2007.

Kazuhisa Nakao, Ritsuko Morita, Yasumitsu Saji, Kentaro Ishida, Miho Ogawa, Masahiro Saitoh, Yasuhiro Tomooka & Takashi Tsuji. The development and in vivo transplantation of an artificial tooth germ reconstituted by the bioengineered organ germ method. Eur Cell Mater. 14, 59, 2007

Kazuhisa Nakao, Ritsuko Morita, Yasumitsu Saji, Kentaro Ishida, Yusuke Tomita, Miho Ogawa, Masahiro Saitoh, Yasuhiro Tomooka & Takashi Tsuji. The development of a bioengineered organ germ method. Nature Methods. 4, 227-130, 2007.

Gli2 and p53 interactions in Hedgehog-induced Tumorigenesis

Louisa Ho^{1,3}

Aneta Stojanovski^{1,3}, Heather Whetstone¹, Qing Xia Wei¹, Elaine Mau¹, Jay Wunder², Benjamin Alman^{1,2}

- ¹ Program in Developmental and Stem Cell Biology, Hospital for Sick Children, University of Toronto, Toronto ON, M5G 1L7.
- ² Department of Surgery, Mount Sinai Hospital, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON.
- ³ Department of Laboratory Medicine and Pathobiology, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON



Enchondromas are common benign cartilage tumors that arise in bones that undergo endochondral ossification, and may progress to malignant chondrosarcoma. Development of enchondroma results from abnormal regulation of Indian hedgehog (Ihh) signaling during growth plate development. As well, mutations in p53 have been detected in chondrosarcoma, and are thus suspected to play a role in its progression. Our lab has previously shown that enchondroma develop in transgenic mice in which overexpression of the Ihh activated transcription factor Gli2 is targeted in the growth plate. Furthermore, Gli2 overexpressing mice also carrying a p53 deficiency develop larger more cellular cartilage lesions, but do not develop chondrosarcoma. Embryonic growth plates of Gli2 transgenic and p53 KO mice showed decreased apoptosis compared to WT, with an enhanced effect observed in the double transgenic mice. Furthermore, a microarray screen of C2C12 cells with increased Hh signaling showed a downregulation of IGFBP-3 (insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3), a p53 target gene with known anti-apoptotic effects in other tumor cell models.

To investigate whether IGFBP-3 is regulated by Hh/Gli and p53 signaling pathways in growth plate development and maintenance, murine limb explants were treated with Shh and/or IGFBP-3 peptides. Treatment of these limbs with Shh reduced apoptosis, similar to the effect observed in p53 KO mice, of which addition of IGFBP-3 rescued their apoptotic deficient phenotype. Moreover, ChIP analysis of human CSA samples revealed a Gli2 transcription factor binding site upstream of IGFBP-3, suggesting that Hh signaling directly regulates IGFBP-3 expression within the growth plate. This was confirmed by decreased luciferase activity following activation of the Hh pathway in cell lines transfected with an IGFBP-3 promoter construct, but was not observed when transfected with a mutated construct of the putative Gli binding site. Finally, mice expressing Gli2 developed substantially fewer tumors when they were also deficient for Igf2.

Overall our data suggests that the combined effects of Gli2 overexpression and p53 deficiency act to inhibit IGFBP-3, resulting in decreased apoptosis and the development of large cartilage lesions observed in adult murine limbs. Therefore, IGF signaling-meditated apoptosis may play a major role in regulating the progression of benign enchondroma to malignant chondrosarcoma.

CURRICULUM VITAE		Awards 2005-2009	RESTRACOMP, Hospital for Sick Children	
Education			Foundation	
	Ph.D. University of Toronto		 Awarded to graduate students in 	
2000 process	Department of Laboratory Medicine and		biomedical sciences by the SickKids	
	Pathobiology		Foundation Graduate Scholarships at the	
	Hospital for Sick Children		University of Toronto based on academic	
	Department of Developmental and Stem Cell		performance, publication activity, and other	
	Biology		research, academic activities to cover their	
2000-2005	Hon. B.Sc. University of Toronto with		stipend.	
	Distinction	2009	Gallie Day, The Department of Surgery,	
	Major: Biology, Minor: Anthropology		University of Toronto	
Posograh I	Experience		 Awarded second place in oral presentation competition 	
2004–2005	Student Research Project on diuretic	2009	Gordon Research Conference: Cartilage	
2001-2000	peptides in Rhodnius prolixus		Biology and Pathology	
	Dissect adult specimens and observe		Poster prize winner	
	location of diuretic peptides in the gut and	2007	Gallie Day, The Department of Surgery,	
	CNS using immunohistochemistry		University of Toronto	
2003	Archaeology Lab Assistant, Volunteer,		 Awarded second place in poster prize 	
	University of Toronto		competition	
	Collected quantitative data on fossil groups	2005,2006	University of Toronto Fellowship Award	
	Sorted fossils and artifacts into categories	2000-2004	Volunteer Recognition Award	
		2000	University of Toronto Entrance Scholarship	
Teaching E	xperience			
2005-2006	Teaching Assistant, 2 nd year undergraduate	Publication		
	Physiology, University of Toronto		Seeto BL, Bartoszko JM, Khoury MA,	
	 Lab based instruction, marking of 		one H, Ho L, Hsu C, Ali AS, Alman BA.	
	assignments and tests, exam moderation		ting hedgehog signaling can attenuate the	
			of osteoarthritis. Nat Med. 2009 Dec;15(12):1421-	
Extracurricular Activities		5. Epub 2009 Nov 15.		
2009	Executive committee, Life Science Career	 Ho L, Alman B. Protecting the Hedgerow: p53 and Hedgehog pathway interactions Cell Cycle. 2010 Feb. 		
	Day Seminars			
	 Graduate student-run initiative at the 	1:9(3). 3. Ho L, Stojanovski A, Whetstone H, Wei QX, Mau E, Wunder JS, Alman B. Gli2 and p53 cooperate to		
	University of Toronto that aims to help			
	graduate students explore the various		e IGFBP-3- mediated chondrocyte apoptosis in	
	career paths that can stem from a life	_		
	sciences graduate degree		gression from benign to malignant cartilage	
2009	Volunteer Coordinator, Heart and Stroke	tuillors.	Cancer Cell. 2009 Aug 4;16(2):126-36.	
	Foundation-University of Toronto			
	 Recruitment of volunteers and 			
	communication of volunteering			
	opportunities for upcoming events			
2002-2003	Finance Minister, Erindale Math Club,			
	University of Toronto			
	Raised money and communicated balance			
2002 2004	of funds			
2002 2004				

2002-2004

Intramural team member, Indoor Volleyball

Maintenance of bone growth and bone mass requires Hedgehog signaling

Yukiko Maeda Ph.D.

Department of Developmental Biology, Harvard School of Dental Medicine, Boston, MA, USA

Indian hedgehog (Ihh) plays a crucial role during growth plate and endochondral bone formation. Our previous studies with the/col2 α 1-Cre ER*;Ihhd/d/ animals demonstrated that /Ihh/ deletion from all postnatal chondrocytes results in complete loss of the growth plate and subsequently trabecular bone (Maeda et al. 2007) .

Since the growth plate is required as a template for trabecular bone direct role of chondrocyte derived Ihh on trabecular bone formation is unknown.

Furthermore, activation of the Ihh downstream target PTH/PTHrP receptor (Jansen) could not rescue the loss of growth plate, suggesting Ihh is essential to maintain the growth plate independent of PTHrP (Maeda et al.2009).

Therefore to further address the question whether chondrocyte-derived Ihh directly affects trabecular bone formation in postnatal life we generated a new hypomorph mouse model, /colX-Cre;Ihhd/d/, in which Ihh is only removed from a subset of hypertrophic chondrocytes.

/ColX-Cre;Ihhd/d/ mice were born with the expected Mendelian pattern of inheritance and looked indistinguishable from their normal littermates at birth. Deletion of /Ihh/ from hypertrophic chondrocytes was confirmed by qRT-PCR and /in situ/ hybridization. We analyzed control and mutant mice at 3 weeks and 4 months and could demonstrate that a growth plate as preserved. Micro CT analysis and TRAP staining of bone from /colX-Cre;Ihhd/d /mice showed reduced bone volume and increased osteoclast number when compared to their control littermates at postnatal 3 weeks and 4 months. These results suggest that chondrocyte-derived Ihh signaling is required for maintenance of postnatal bone.

A. Positions and Honors

Research Positions

2004-present Research Associate, Department of

Developmental Biology, Harvard School of

Dental Medicine, Boston, M

2004 PhD Student, Center of Excellence Fellow

(Super Student) at 21 Century COE Program, Laboratory of M. Noda, Dept. of Molecular Pharmacology, Tokyo Medical and Dental University, Tokyo, Japan

2000-2004 PhD Student, Laboratory of M. Noda, Dept.

> of Molecular Pharmacology, Tokyo Medical and Dental University, Tokyo, Japan

B. Selected Peer-reviewed Publications

- 1. Correa D, Kiviranta R, Hesse E, Saito H, Yamana K, Neff L, Sitara D, Maeda Y, Warming S, Jenkins NA, Copeland NG, Lanske B, Horne, WC. Baron R. The Transcriptional Co-regulator Zfp521 Regulates Chondrocyte Proliferation and Differentiation, Contributing to the Effects of Parathyroid Hormone-Related Peptide (PTHrP) on the Growth Plate. Dev Cell (Under revision)
- 2. Maeda Y, Schipani E, Densmore JM Lanske B, Partial rescue of postnatal growth plate abnormalities in Ihh mutants by expression of a constitutively active PTH/ PTHrP receptor. Bone (In press)
- 3. Ochiai T, Shibukawa Y, Nagayama M, Munday C, Yasuda T, Okabe T, Shimono K, Iwamoto M, Hasegawa T. Maeda Y. Lanske B. Pacifici M. Koyama E. Indian hedgehog roles in postnatal TMJ development and organization. J Dent Res (in Press)
- 4. Maeda Y, Nakamura E, Nguyen MT, Suva LJ, Swain FL, Razzaque MS, Mackem S, Lanske B, Indian Hedgehog produced by postnatal chondrocytes is essential for maintaining a growth plate and trabecular bone. PNAS. 2007 104 (15) :6382-7.
- 5. Koyama E, Young B, Shibukawa Y, Nagayama M, Enomoto IM, Iwamoto M, Maeda Y, Lanske B, Song B, Serra R, Pacifici M, Conditional Kif3a ablation causes abnormal hedgehog signaling topography, growth plate dysfunction and ectopic cartilage formation in mouse cranial base synchondroses. Development 2007 134 (11) :2159-69.
- Matsumoto K, Nishihara S, Kamimura M, Shiraishi T, Otoguro T, Uehara M, Maeda Y, Ogura K, Lumsden A, Ogura T, The prepattern transcription factor Irx2, a target of the FGF8/MAP kinase cascade, is involved in cerebellum formation. Nat Neurosci. 2004 7 (6):605-12.
- Kida Y, Maeda Y, Shiraishi T, Suzuki T, Ogura T, Chick Dach1 interacts with the Smad complex and Sin3a to control AER formation and limb development along the proximodistal axis. Development 2004 131 (17) :4179-87.

- 8. Ohyama Y. Nifuii A. Maeda Y. Amagasa T. Noda M. Spaciotemporal association and bone morphogenetic protein regulation of sclerostin and osterix expression during embryonic osteogenesis. Endocrinology 2004 145 (10) :4685-92.
- 9. Maeda Y, Tsuji K, Benezra R, Nifuji A, Noda M, Inhibitory helix-loop-helix transcription factors Id1/Id3 are required for bone formation in vivo. J Cell Biochem. 2004 1:93 (2) :337-44.
- 10. Maeda Y and Noda M, Coordinated development of embryonic long bone on chorioallantoic membrane in ovo prevents perichondrium-derived suppressive signals against cartilage growth. Bone 2003 32 (1):27-
- 11. Noda M, Kashimada K, Takamoto M, Yumoto K, Maeda Y, Usui M, Ishijima M. The meaning of phosphate in bone formation Clin Calcium 2001 Oct;11 (10) :1315-20.

C. Meetings and Presentations

- 1. ASBMR Meeting (Poster) Denver, CO (2009) "Indian hedgehog expressed from hypertrophic chondrocytes is essential for adult trabecular bone formation."
- 2. ASBMR Meeting (Oral) Montreal QC (2008) "Chondrocyte-derived Ihh Is Required for Osteoblast Differentiation Despite Reconstitution of a Normal Growth Plate'
- ASBMR Meeting (Poster) Honolulu, HI (2007) "Indian Hedgehog Is Essential for Postnatal Bone"
- ASBMR Meeting (Oral) Philadelphia, PA (2006) "Indian Hedgehog (Ihh) Is Required for Endochondral Bone Formation after Birth'
- Sun Valley Workshop, (Oral) Sun Valley, ID (2006) 'Indian hedgehog is required for endochondral bone formation after birth"
- 6. ASBMR Meeting (Plenary Poster) Nashville, TN (2005) "Chondrocyte-Specific Deletion of Indian Hedgehog (Ihh) in Postnatal Life'
- 7. IBMS Meeting (Oral) Osaka, Japan (2003) "In vivo bone formation induced by BMP injections onto calvaria and angiogenesis during fracture healing are impaired in Id1/Id3 double gene knockout mice'
- ASBMR Meeting (Poster) Minneapolis MN (2003) "Limbin, a gene required for normal lengthening of limbs, is expressed in chondrocytes in culture and its levels are down-regulated by BMP2"
- 9. ASBMR Meeting (Oral) San Antonio, TX (2002) "Id1/Id3 double gene knockout results in defects in angiogenesis in fracture callus and suture development"
- 10. IBMS Meeting (Poster) Okayama, Japan (2002) "The growth suppression of epiphyseal cartilage by perichondrium is blocked in in ovo organ culture system"

- 11. ASBMR Meeting (Poster) Phenix, AL (2001) "Perichondrium acts as an inducer of apoptosis in epiphyseal chondrocytes in in vitro organ cultures but its inhibitory activity is blocked in in ovo organ cultures"
- 12. JBS Meeting (Poster) Yokohama, Japan (2000) "The interaction between angiogenesis and perichondrium during endochondral bone formation"
- 13. MBSJ Meeting (Poster) Hukuoka, Japan (1999) "The role of chicken Dachshund gene during neural development"

D. Awards and Honors

- 2007 Dean's Scholars Award, Harvard School of Dental
 - "Indian Hedgehog produced by postnatal chondrocytes is essential for maintaining a growth plate and trabecular bone"
- 2006 Dean's Scholars Award, Harvard School of Dental Medicine
 - "The role of Indian hedgehog in endochondral bone formation after birth"
- 2006 ASBMR Harold M. Frost Young Investigator Award, 36th International Sun Valley Workshop on Skeletal Tissue Biology
 - "Indian hedgehog is required for endochondral bone formation after birth"
- 2006 ASBMR Young Investigator Award, American Society for Bone and Mineral Research (ASBMR) , Philadelphia
 - "Indian Hedgehog (Ihh) Is Required for Endochondral Bone Formation after Birth"
- 2003 Travel Award for International Bone and Mineral Society (IBMS)
 - "In vivo bone formation induced by BMP injections onto calvaria and angiogenesis during fracture healing are impaired in Id1/Id3 double gene knockout mice"
- 2003 21st Century COE Program, Super Student award, Tokyo Medical and Dental University "Functional analysis of chondrodysplasia causative gene LIMBIN (LBN)"

E. Teaching

2004-present Teaching to graduate and undergraduate

students, Harvard School of Dental Medicine,

Boston, MA

2000-2004 Teaching assistant of undergraduate

> students, Tokyo Medical and Dental University, Tokyo, Japan